

Draft

Title: Shifting Europe's Transport Infrastructure Towards

Sustainability and Justice: The European Rail

Network at the Centre

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- Consolidated text with CAS accepted amendments Shifting Europe's Transport Infrastructure
- Spreadsheet amendents 7 December Shifting Europe's Transport Infrastructure
- Spreadsheet amendments 6 December Shifting Europe's Transport Infrastructure
- R3 Examples Background Text Airport Expansions and Night Flights 5 Dec (15h15)
- Spreadsheet amendments **5 December** (morning) Shifting Europe's Transport Infrastructure
- Spreadsheet amendments 28 November Shifting Europe's Transport Infrastructure
- Overview spreadsheet amendments 20 November <u>Shifting Europe's Transport Infrastructure</u> <u>Towards Sustainability and Justice: The European Rail Network at the Centre</u>
- Gathered in Lisbon, a city with little to no train connection to the rest of
- Europe, we Greens are acutely aware of the urgent need to place rail transport
- at the centre of Europe's mobility strategy. The Portuguese example demonstrates
- the urgency of this need. Since the 1990s, significant portions of the country's
- rail network have been de-activated, while roads and highways have been
- 6 massively expanded. Lisbon has lost
- its direct train connection to Madrid and the broader European network.

- 8 Across Europe, there are many similar stories. Public transport and rail
- 9 networks have been dismantled and left to decay due to underinvestment and
- privatisation. Night trains have been discontinued or left without improvements,
- reducing alternatives to short-haul flights.
- Meanwhile, airports and roads keep expanding. Projects such as the expansion of
- Barcelona and Heathrow airports, the port of Valencia, and new motorways in
- Belgium contradict the European Green Deal, the Biodiversity Strategy, and the
- EU's climate commitments. Europe's infrastructure model still depends
- excessively on cars and planes, while trains the most reliable, sustainable,
- and socially equitable mode of transport remain underfunded and
- underdeveloped, leading to decreased quality and safety. According to a 2023
- Greenpeace report, Europe's rail network shrunk by 6.5% over the past 30 years,
- while motorways grew by over 60%.
- The Greens call for a radical shift in European infrastructure policy, placing
- rail at the heart of European mobility and the green transition.

Shifting EU Transport Policy to a Sustainable Model

- Europe's current transport model is unsustainable, unjust, and increasingly
- incompatible with climate goals. The mass use of cars, proliferation of flights,
- and the high cost of train journeys favour the wealthiest and exclude peripheral
- areas, exacerbating mobility poverty. At the same time, large destructive
- infrastructure projects are further increasing emissions, destroying habitats,
- and undermining the goal of climate neutrality by 2050, while jeopardising
- energy sovereignty, geopolitical autonomy, and security.
- Increased aviation and road traffic produce high greenhouse gas emissions, as
- well as noise and air pollution, that harm public health. Despite this,
- subsidies are still flowing disproportionately toward aviation, with kerosene
- still tax-free and touristification rising. Road traffic represents as much as
- ³⁵ 20% of Europe's total emissions, but governments insist on expanding motorways,
- inducing further demand, while online shopping and last-mile logistics add even
- further pressure.

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- Europe's infrastructure model remains based on the outdated belief that massive
- road and port expansion drives economic growth. Human- and nature centred means

- of transportation are overlooked and disregarded. The current model places
- disproportionate pressure on cities and fragile ecosystems, particularly in
- peripheral regions, where access to mobility, economic opportunities and social
- services remains limited. Sustainable mobility should be seen as a meta-right,
- necessary to exercise other rights, not an economic privilege.
- 45 If Europe continues this path, it will remain geopolitically fragile,
- economically inefficient and socially unequal. It will be impossible to achieve
- carbon neutrality by 2050, mitigate climate change and protect life on Earth. A
- fundamental shift toward sustainable transport centred on rail is essential to
- protect the planet, ensure energy independence, and guarantee fair mobility for
- ⁵⁰ all citizens.

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Demands

Gathered in Lisbon the European Greens demand:

- A massive European investment plan in the rail network, including high-speed
- lines, cross-border connections, and the renaissance of night trains connecting
- 54 European cities
- Affordable train prices that make rail competitive with cars and planes
- An end to unfair aviation subsidies
- An end to fiscal exemptions for flight tickets, and the regulation of low-cost
- 58 flights

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- An immediate moratorium on airport and port expansions in Europe
- The immediate end to night flights
- Prioritisation of rail freight and local distribution hubs instead of endless
- last-mile delivery vans

The European Greens propose to:

- Build a European rail system that guarantees affordable mobility, protects
- biodiversity, and reduces Europe's dependence on fossil fuels
- Learn from countries that have efficient and innovative public transport
- 67 systems, like Luxembourg, Japan, South Korea and Switzerland
- Create a single, integrated train booking system for travel across all Europe,
- following the model of a single-ticket system currently used in European
- 70 countries
- Build rail lines in ways that minimise environmental damage, e.g. through
- bridges and tunnels, and ensure accessibility and sufficient space for people
- vith disabilities and visual impairments
- Make rail the backbone of Europe's transport system, both for people and
- ⁷⁵ freight, replacing short-haul flights and reducing car dependency
- Create a EU-funded pool of rolling stock (including for night trains)
- available for leasing by undertakings

Background

it is proposed to add the examples in this section

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Supporters

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